# STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS DIVISION OF TAXATION

ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING

FINAL DECISION AND ORDER

# STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE DIVISION OF TAXATION ONE CAPITOL HILL PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND 02908

IN THE MATTER OF:

Case No.: 16-T-030 Personal Income Tax

Taxpayer.

DECISION

I. INTRODUCTION

The above-entitled matter came before the undersigned as the result of a Notice of Hearing and Appointment of Hearing Officer dated February 5, 2016 and issued to the above-captioned taxpayer ("Taxpayer") by the Division of Taxation ("Division") in response to a request for hearing. A hearing was held on March 2, 2016. The Division was represented by counsel. No one appeared for the Taxpayer. The Taxpayer did not contact either the undersigned or the Division. The Taxpayer received notice of the hearing. As the Taxpayer received notice of the hearing, the undersigned held the hearing. The Division rested on the record.

### II. JURISDICTION

The Division has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-30-1 et seq., R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-1-1 et seq., the Division of Taxation Administrative Hearing Procedures Regulation AHP 97-01, and the Division of Legal Services Regulation 1 Rules of Procedure for Administrative Hearings.

# III. ISSUE

Whether the Taxpayer owes additional income tax, interest, and a penalty for the tax year 2010.

### IV. MATERIAL FACTS AND TESTIMONY

, Principal Revenue Agent, testified on behalf of the Division. He testified that the Taxpayer timely filed her 2010 income tax return with the Division. See Division's Exhibit A (Division's record of Taxpayer's 2010 return). He testified that subsequent to said filing, the Taxpayer had her Federal income adjusted by the Federal Internal Revenue Service based on certain pension income being taxable under Federal law. He testified that when a taxpayer's Federal income changes, a taxpayer is statutorily mandated to file an amended State tax return. He testified that the Taxpayer did not file a 2010 amended return with the State so that the Division issued a Notice of Deficiency which adjusted the Taxpayer's 2010 tax owed based on her new income amount. He testified that interest and a penalty were imposed pursuant to R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-30-84 (interest) and R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-30-85 (penalty), but there was no late penalty imposed as the return was initially filed on time. See Division's Exhibits B (2010 correction documents with current amount owed) and C and D (notices of deficiency).

### V. DISCUSSION

#### A. Legislative Intent

The Rhode Island Supreme Court has consistently held that it effectuates legislative intent by examining a statute in its entirety and giving words their plain and ordinary meaning. *In re Falstaff Brewing Corp.*, 637 A.2d 1047 (R.I. 1994). If a statute is clear and unambiguous, "the Court must interpret the statute literally and must give the words of the statute their plain and ordinary meanings." *Oliveira v. Lombardi*, 794 A.2d 453 (R.I. 2002) (citation omitted). The Supreme Court has also established that it will not interpret legislative enactments in a manner that renders them nugatory or that would produce an unreasonable result. See *Defenders of Animals v. Dept. of Environmental Management*, 553 A.2d 541 (R.I. 1989) (citation omitted). In cases where a statute may contain ambiguous language, the Rhode Island Supreme Court has consistently held

that the legislative intent must be considered. *Providence Journal Co. v. Rodgers*, 711 A.2d 1131 (R.I. 1998). The statutory provisions must be examined in their entirety and the meaning most consistent with the policies and purposes of the legislature must be effectuated. *Id*.

#### B. Relevant Statutes

# R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-30-59 provides as follows:

Report of change in federal taxable income. – Subject to regulations of the tax administrator, if the amount of a taxpayer's federal taxable income reported on his or her federal income tax return for any taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1971, is changed or corrected by the United States Internal Revenue Service or other competent authority, or as the result of a renegotiation of a contract or subcontract with the United States, the taxpayer shall report the change or correction in federal taxable income within ninety (90) days after the final determination of the change, correction, or renegotiation, or as otherwise required by the tax administrator, and shall concede the accuracy of the determination or state wherein it is erroneous. Any taxpayer filing an amended federal income tax return shall also file within ninety (90) days thereafter an amended Rhode Island personal income tax return and shall give any information that the tax administrator may require.

# R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-30-83 provides in part as follows:

Limitations on assessment. – (a) General. Except as otherwise provided in this section the amount of the Rhode Island personal income tax shall be assessed within three (3) years after the return was filed, whether or not the return was filed on or after the prescribed date. For this purpose a tax return filed before the due date shall be considered as filed on the due date; and a return of withholding tax for any period ending with or within a calendar year filed before April 15 of the succeeding calendar year shall be considered filed on April 15 of the succeeding calendar year.

- (b) Exceptions.
- (1) Assessment at any time. The tax may be assessed at any time if:
- (i) No return is filed;
- (ii) A false or fraudulent return is filed with intent to evade tax; or
- (iii) The taxpayer fails to file a report, pursuant to § 44-30-59, of a change, correction, or amended return, increasing his or her federal taxable income as reported on his or her federal income tax return or to report a change or correction which is treated in the same manner as if it were a deficiency for federal income tax purposes.

# C. Whether the Taxpayer Owes Tax and Penalties for Tax Year 2010

It was undisputed that the IRS notified the Taxpayer that certain pension income was taxable for her 2010 tax year. As a result, the Taxpayer was required by R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-30-59 to amend her 2010 return as her 2010 income had changed (increased). It was undisputed that the Taxpayer did not file an amended return with the Division reflecting her change in Federal income. Pursuant to R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-30-83(b)(1)(iii), the three (3) year limit on the Division to assess personal income tax owed by a taxpayer does not apply when a taxpayer has failed to file a report of a change in income pursuant to R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-30-59. Therefore, the Division properly issued the Taxpayer a Notice of Deficiency for additional tax owed for 2010 based on her Federally adjusted income. Pursuant to R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-30-84, the Division imposed interest for the late payment of the tax owed. Pursuant to R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-30-85, the Division imposed a late payment penalty for the late payment of the tax owed.

Interest on underpayment. – (a) General.

Additions to tax and civil penalties. - (a) Failure to file tax returns or to pay tax. In the case of failure:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-30-84 provides in part as follows:

<sup>(1)</sup> If any amount of Rhode Island personal income tax, including any amount of the tax withheld by an employer, is not paid on or before the due date, interest on the amount at the annual rate provided by § 44-1-7 shall be paid for the period from the due date to the date paid, whether or not any extension of time for payment was granted. The interest shall not be paid if its amount is less than two dollars (\$2.00).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R.I. Gen. Law § 44-30-85 provides in part as follows:

<sup>\*\*</sup> 

<sup>(2)</sup> To pay the amount shown as tax on the personal income tax return or the employer's withheld tax return on or before the prescribed date for payment of the tax (determined with regard to any extension of time for payment) unless it is shown that the failure is due to reasonable cause and not due to willful neglect, there shall be added to the amount shown as tax on the return five-tenths percent (0.5%) of the amount of the tax if the failure is for not more than one month, with an additional five-tenths percent (0.5%) for each additional month or fraction thereof during which the failure continues, not exceeding twenty-five percent (25%) in the aggregate; or

<sup>(3)</sup> To pay any amount in respect of any tax required to be shown on a return which is not so shown, including an assessment made as a result of mathematical error, within ten (10) days of the date of the notice and demand therefor, unless it is shown that the failure is due to reasonable cause and not due to willful neglect, there shall be added to the amount of tax stated in the notice and demand five-tenths percent (0.5%) of the amount of the tax if the failure is for not more than one month, with an additional five-tenths percent (0.5%) for each additional month or fraction thereof during which the failure continues, not exceeding twenty-five percent (25%) in the aggregate.

# VI. <u>FINDINGS OF FACT</u>

- 1. On or about February 5, 2016, the Division issued a Notice of Hearing and Appointment of Hearing Officer to the Taxpayer.
- 2. A hearing in this matter was held on March 2, 2016. The Taxpayer did not appear. As the Taxpayer was adequately notified of the hearing, a hearing was held with the Division resting on the record. The Taxpayer is in default for failing to appear at the hearing.
- 3. The Taxpayer did not file an amended 2010 Rhode Island personal income tax return after receiving notice from the IRS of a change to her Federal income for 2010.

# VII. <u>CONCLUSIONS OF LAW</u>

Based on the testimony and facts presented:

- 1. The Division has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-30-1 et seq. and R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-1-1 et seq.
- 2. Pursuant to R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-30-59, the Taxpayer was required to file an amended return. The Taxpayer failed to file an amended 2010 Rhode Island personal income tax return so owes tax on the unreported income, interest, and a penalty.

# VIII. <u>RECOMMENDATION</u>

Based on the above analysis, the Hearing Officer recommends as follows:

Pursuant to R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-30-59, the Taxpayer failed to file an amended Rhode Island personal income tax return for 2010. Therefore, pursuant to R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-30-59, R.I. Gen. Laws § 33-30-83(b)(1)(iii), R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-30-84, and R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-30-85, the Division properly assessed the Taxpayer for tax owed and interest and late penalty owed.

Date: 3 9 16

Catherine R. Warren Hearing Officer

# <u>ORDER</u>

I have read the Hearing Officer's Decision and Recommendation in this matter, and I hereby take the following action with regard to the Decision and Recommendation:

ADOPT
REJECT
MODIFY

Dated: 4/2/16

Neena S. Savage

Acting Tax Administrator

# NOTICE OF APPELLATE RIGHTS

THIS DECISION CONSTITUTES A FINAL ORDER OF THE DIVISION. THIS ORDER MAY BE APPEALED TO THE SIXTH DIVISION DISTRICT COURT PURSUANT TO R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-30-90 WHICH STATES AS FOLLOWS:

§ 44-30-90 Review of tax administrator's decision.

- (a) General. Any taxpayer aggrieved by the decision of the tax administrator or his or her designated hearing officer as to his or her Rhode Island personal income tax may within thirty (30) days after notice of the decision is sent to the taxpayer by certified or registered mail, directed to his or her last known address, petition the sixth division of the district court pursuant to chapter 8 of title 8 setting forth the reasons why the decision is alleged to be erroneous and praying relief therefrom. Upon the filing of any complaint, the clerk of the court shall issue a citation, substantially in the form provided in § 44-5-26 to summon the tax administrator to answer the complaint, and the court shall proceed to hear the complaint and to determine the correct amount of the liability as in any other action for money, but the burden of proof shall be as specified in § 8-8-28.
- (b) Judicial review sole remedy of taxpayer. The review of a decision of the tax administrator provided by this section shall be the exclusive remedy available to any taxpayer for the judicial determination of the liability of the taxpayer for Rhode Island personal income tax.
- (c) Date of finality of tax administrator's decision. A decision of the tax administrator shall become final upon the expiration of the time allowed for petitioning the district court if no timely petition is filed, or upon the final expiration of the time for further judicial review of the case.

**CERTIFICATION** 

I hereby certify that on the day of day of day, 2016 a copy of the above Decision and Notice of Appellate Rights were sent by first class mail, postage prepaid and return receipt requested to the Taxpayer's address on file with the Division and by hand/delivery to Matthew Cate, Esquire, Department of Revenue, One Capitol Hill, Providence, RI 02003.