

2025 Form T-74 - Rhode Island Banking Institution Excise Tax Return

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

NEW FOR 2025

For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2025 a banking institution may utilize one of the following options:

- 1) Request to use an alternative allocation and apportionment method [R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-14-14.1(e)] or
- 2) Elect to use the Receipts Factor Only for allocation and apportionment [R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-14-14.1(f)].

See the instructions for "Schedule F - Allocation Factor" on page 3 for more information.

DUE DATE: Due on or before the 15th day of the 4th month after close of the taxable year except for filers with a fiscal year end of June 30. The due date for those filers is September 15.

INFORMATION SECTION: Enter the requested entity information on the top of the form, including name, address, federal identification number, type of return being filed, and if the entity is not a calendar year filer, enter the beginning and end dates of the entity's fiscal year.

SCHEDULE A - COMPUTATION OF TAX

Line 1 - Federal Income Tax

Enter the taxable income as it appears on Federal Form 1120, line 28.

Line 2 - Total Deductions

Enter Total Deductions from page 2, Schedule B, line 7.

Line 3 - Total Additions

Enter Total Additions from page 2, Schedule C, line 8.

RHODE ISLAND TAXABLE INCOME

Line 4 - Adjusted Taxable Income

Subtract the total deductions amount on line 2 from the Federal Taxable Income amount on line 1 and add the total additions amount on line 3.

Line 5 - Capital Investment Deduction

The General Laws provide for a deduction for purposes of computing net income in accordance with Chapter 44-11, for investments in certified venture capital partnerships. Taxpayers claiming this deduction for investments in certified venture capital partnerships must provide copies of certification from the Department of Economic Development of the Venture Capital Partnership. A recapture of a previously taken deduction may be necessary under the law. This should be done by listing the recaptured amount as a negative number.

Line 6 - Rhode Island Adjusted Taxable Income

Subtract your capital investment deduction on line 5 from your adjusted taxable income on line 4.

Line 7 - Rhode Island Apportionment Ratio

Complete Schedule F on page 3. Enter the amount from Schedule F, line 5.

Line 8 - Apportioned Rhode Island Taxable Income

Multiply your adjusted taxable income amount from line 6 by the Rhode Island Apportionment Ratio from line 7.

Line 9 - Rhode Island Income Tax

Multiply the amount on line 8 by 9% (0.0900).

Line 10 - Rhode Island Credits

Enter the amount from RI Schedule B-CR, Business Entity Credit Schedule, line 19. Proper documentation must be attached to your return to support the amount of credit being claimed.

Line 11 - Tax After Credits

Subtract the amount of credits on line 10 from the Rhode Island Income Tax Amount on line 9. However, this amount cannot be less than the minimum tax of \$100.00.

Line 12 - Estimated Tax Payments

Enter the total payments made on 2025 BUS-EST, Business Estimated Tax payments, including any overpayment carried forward from the preceding taxable year.

Line 13 - Other Payments

Enter the amount of all other tax payments (i.e. extension payment) made with respect to the taxable year.

Line 14 - Total Payments

Add the amounts from lines 12 and 13.

Line 15 - Net Tax Due

Subtract the amount on line 14 from the amount on line 11.

Line 16 - Interest and Penalty Calculation

Enter the total of (a), (b) and (c) on this line.

(a) Interest on the balance due

For failure to pay the tax on time, interest at the rate of 12% (0.1200) per year; or 1.0% (0.0100) per month, shall be assessed.

Interest shall accrue on the amount from line 15 at the rate of 12% per annum from the due date for filing the return to the actual date of payment.

Return is due on or before the 15th day of the 4th month after the close of the taxable year except for filers with a fiscal year end of June 30. The due date for those filers is September 15.

(b) Penalty on the balance due

For failure to file the return on time, a penalty at the rate of 5% (0.0500) per month not to exceed 25% (0.2500) shall be assessed.

For failure to pay the tax on time, a penalty at the rate of 0.5% (0.0050) per month not to exceed 25% (0.2500) shall be assessed.

(c) Interest for underpayment of estimated taxes

In the case of any underpayment of the estimated taxes by a corporation there shall be added to the tax as the case may be for the tax-

2025 Form T-74 - Rhode Island Banking Institution Excise Tax Return

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS - page 2

able year, an amount determined at the rate of 12% per annum upon the amount of the underpayment for the period of the underpayment.

The amount of the estimated payments made for the tax year must equal at least eighty (80%) percent of the current year tax amount, or one hundred (100%) percent of the prior year tax amount, whichever is less. In addition, unless using the annualization of income method, total payments and withholding for each quarter must be at least equal to one quarter of the amount of tax in order to avoid underestimating interest. An overpayment or underpayment from the immediately preceding quarter should be applied to the next quarter when determining the overpayment or underpayment for that quarter.

The law provides for the assessment of a penalty of 5% of the tax imposed on such corporations for such taxable year for failure to file required estimated tax payments.

Line 17 - Total Due with the Return

Add lines 15 and 16.

Line 18 - Overpayment

If line 14 is more than line 11, subtract lines 11 and 16 from line 14. This is the amount of your overpayment.

Line 19 - Amount to be Applied to 2026 Estimated Tax

Enter the amount of the overpayment from line 18 to be credited against next year's estimated tax. The amount on this line may be adjusted by the Tax Administrator.

Line 20 - Amount to be refunded.

Subtract line 19 from line 18.

SCHEDULE B - DEDUCTIONS

Line 1 - Exempt Interest and Dividends

Enter the amount of exempt interest and dividends for Rhode Island purposes that are taxable on the federal return. Attach a schedule detailing the exempt interest and dividends.

Line 2 - Bonus Depreciation Adjustment

Enter the amount of adjustment which represents the difference between normal first year depreciation and residual depreciation as long as depreciation lasts.

Line 3 - Non-security Gains

Attach a schedule of gains included on Federal Schedule D or Federal Form 4797 which do not relate to securities. These gains are not taxable for Rhode Island bank excise tax purposes.

Line 4 - Modification for Tax Incentives for Employers

Enter the amount of Tax Incentives for Employers deduction against net income as calculated on Form RI-107. Form RI-107 must be attached to your return. R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-55

Line 5 - Reserved for future use.

Leave this line blank.

Line 6 - Other Deductions

Attach a schedule of any additional deductions allowed under Rhode Island law not listed on lines 1 through 5.

Line 7 - Total Deductions

Add the amounts from lines 1 through 6. Enter here and on Form T-74, Schedule A, line 2.

SCHEDULE C - ADDITIONS

Line 1 - Interest or Dividends

Enter the gross amount of interest income received or accrued with respect to all obligations of any state, territory or possession of the United States or any political subdivision of the foregoing, or the District of Columbia other than Rhode Island or its political subdivisions not included on lines 5 and 10 of U.S. Form 1120.

Line 2 - Rhode Island Bank Excise Taxes

Enter the Rhode Island bank excise taxes paid or accrued which are deducted on the federal return on lines 2 or 17 for the taxable year.

Line 3 - Bonus Depreciation Adjustment

Enter the entity's bonus depreciation amount less its normal depreciation amount.

Line 4 - Non-security Losses

Attach a schedule of losses included on Federal Schedule D or Federal Form 4797 which do not relate to securities. These losses are not deductible for Rhode Island bank excise tax purposes.

Line 5 - Taxable portion of Paycheck Protection Program

Enter the taxable portion of the Paycheck Protection Program loan under R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-11-11.

Line 6 - Reserved for future use.

Leave this line blank.

Line 7 - Other Income

Attach a schedule of any additional additions required under Rhode Island law not listed on lines 1 through 6.

Line 8 - Total Additions

Add the amounts from lines 1 through 7. Enter here and on Form T-74, Schedule A, line 3.

SCHEDULE D – FINAL DETERMINATION OF NET INCOME BY FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

If the Federal Government has changed your taxable income for any prior year which has not been reported to the Tax Administrator, check "Yes" and submit an amended Form T-74 with any tax due. If there has been no change in taxable income by the Federal Government, check "No."

SCHEDULE E – GENERAL INFORMATION

Enter the requested information regarding your business entity.

2025 Form T-74 - Rhode Island Banking Institution Excise Tax Return

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS - page 3

SCHEDULE F – ALLOCATION FACTOR

New for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2025, a banking institution may utilize one of the following options:

- 1) Request to Use an Alternative Allocation and Apportionment Method
- 2) Election to Use the Receipts Factor Only for Allocation and Apportionment

Request to Use an Alternative Allocation and Apportionment Method

For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2025, if the allocation and apportionment provisions of R.I. Gen. Laws §§ 44-14-14.1 - 44-14-14.5 or subsection (f) of R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-14 are not reasonably adapted to approximate the net income derived from business carried on within the state, a banking institution may apply to the tax administrator, or the tax administrator may require the banking institution, to have its income derived from business carried on within the state determined by an alternative method.

If a banking institution is requesting an alternative allocation and apportionment method, the banking institution must:

- Check the box at the top of Form T-74, page 3 indicating that an alternative method is being requested AND
- Complete all three apportionment factors in Schedule F.
Note: If the requested alternative allocation and apportionment method is approved by the Tax Administrator, necessary adjustments will be made to the banking institution's filing.

In order for the tax administrator to evaluate a request made under this option, the banking institution must include the following with its filing:

- Detailed documentation demonstrating that the allocation and apportionment provisions under R.I. Gen. Laws §§ 44-14-14.1 - 44-14-14.5 or subsection (f) of R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-14 do not reasonably determine the banking institution's Rhode Island net income, and
- Detailed documentation demonstrating the alternative method being requested and how that alternative method more accurately determines the banking institution's Rhode Island net income.

Additional information must be provided to the tax administrator upon request.

Election to Use the Receipts Factor Only for Allocation and Apportionment

For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2025, except as specifically provided in R.I. Gen. Laws §44-14, a banking institution whose business activity is taxable both within and outside of this state may elect to allocate and apportion its net income by multiplying its net income by its receipts factor as described in R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-14-14.3.

If a banking institution is utilizing the Receipts Factor only as its allocation and apportionment method, the banking institution must:

- Check the box at the top of page 3 indicating that only the Receipts Factor is being utilized AND

- Complete all three apportionment factors in Schedule F.
Note: All three factors are still required to be completed due to the bank excise combined reporting requirement.

The election shall take effect in the tax year for which the taxpayer makes the election and shall remain in effect for all subsequent tax years. See R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-14 for more information.

If the receipts factor is missing, the whole of the banking institution's net income shall be taxable pursuant to R.I. Gen. Laws §§ 44-14-3 - 44-14-4.

The receipts factor is considered missing if both its numerator [Rhode Island amounts] and denominator [Everywhere amounts] are zero, but it shall not be missing merely because its numerator [Rhode Island amounts] is zero.

Line 1 - Average Value of Property

Real and tangible personal property owned is valued at book value. Real and tangible personal property rented is valued at 8 times the annual net rental rate. The annual net rental rate shall be reduced (but not to less than zero) by the annual rental rate received from subrentals.

"Tangible personal property" means such property as machinery, tools, implements, goods, wares, and merchandise. It does not include cash, shares of stock, bonds, notes, credits, or evidences of an interest in property and evidences of debt.

Line 2 - Receipts Factor

2a) Lease/Rental of Real Property

Any income earned through the leasing or renting of real property.

2b) Lease/Rental of Transportation Property

Any income earned through the lease or rental of transportation (i.e. vehicles) property.

2c) Interest income from Loans Secured by Real Property

Any interest received from loans secured through real property ownership.

2d) Receipts from Credit Card Receivables

Any income received from the issuance of credit cards and the resulting receivables.

2e) Interest income from Loans Not Secured by Real Property

Any interest received from loans not secured through real property ownership.

2f) Receipts from Services

Gross income from services attributed to Rhode Island. A service is attributed to Rhode Island if the service is performed in Rhode Island.

2g) Interest and Dividends

Any interest and dividend income not included elsewhere.

2h) Interest Not Taxed by the Federal Government

Any income exempt from federal taxation.

2i) Capital Gains

Net income from the sale of real property, tangible personal property,

2025 Form T-74 - Rhode Island Banking Institution Excise Tax Return

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS - page 4

or other capital assets not held by the taxpayer for sale to customers in the regular course of business.

2j) Other Income

Gross income from all other receipts from all other sources not listed on line 2a through 2i.

Line 3 - Salaries and Wage Factor

Schedule F, line 3, Column A represents that part of the total wages, salaries and other compensation to officers and employees paid or incurred by the taxpayer during the taxable year which is assignable to offices, agencies, or places of business within the State of Rhode Island, or which is attributable to services performed in connection with the taxpayer's activities or transactions within this state during the taxable year.

Line 4 - Rhode Island Ratios

Total the Rhode Island ratios from lines 1g, 2l and 3b.

Line 5 - Allocation Factor

If dollar amounts for property, receipts and salaries exist in Column B, the total of the three ratios on line 4 should be divided by 3. If one factor is not found in Column B, then the total of the two ratios on line 4 must be divided by 2. If only one factor exists in Column B, then the ratio on line 4 should be carried to line 5. Also, enter this ratio on Schedule A, line 7.

Receipts Factor Only

If the banking institution is electing to use only the Receipts Factor for its allocation and apportionment, enter the Receipts Factor from line 2l on line 5 as well as on page 1, Schedule A, line 7. Carry to six (6) decimal places.

Note: Make sure the Receipts Factor Only checkbox is checked.

the portal, you will need a portal account and a PIN number. If you do not have both of those required items already, be sure to timely create your portal account and/or request a PIN number so that you are set up and ready to file your return and/or remit your payment by the due date. You do not need a portal account to request a PIN number.

YOU MAY BE SUBJECT TO A PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO FILE RETURNS AND/OR REMIT PAYMENTS VIA ELECTRONIC MEANS.

If you are not required to file and pay via electronic means, use the following address to send in your return and payments:

Returns and payments should be mailed to:

Rhode Island Division of Taxation
One Capitol Hill
Providence, RI 02908-5811

ELECTRONIC MANDATE

The RI Division of Taxation has an electronic mandate that requires Larger Business Registrants use electronic means to file returns and remit taxes beginning on January 1, 2023.

A "larger business registrant" is defined as any person who:

1) Operates as a business whose combined annual liability for all taxes administered by the Division of Taxation for the entity is or exceeds \$5,000; or

2) Operated as a business whose annual gross income is over \$100,000 for the entity.

If you meet either of the above criteria you are required to file returns and remit taxes electronically.

Visit the RI Division of Taxation's website for additional information.

Taxation website: <https://tax.ri.gov/online-services/tax-portal>

Taxation's portal website: <https://taxportal.ri.gov/>

In order to file your return and/or remit your payment through