

2005 INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILING RI-1040NR

(FOR RHODE ISLAND NONRESIDENTS OR PART-YEAR RESIDENTS FILING FORM RI-1040NR)

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

IMPORTANT

Read the instructions carefully. For your convenience we have provided step-by-step instructions which will aid you in completing your return. Complete your federal income tax return first. It is the basis for preparing your Rhode Island tax return. The Rhode Island tax is based on your federal taxable income. Fill out the RI-1040NR completely. Attach your withholding statement(s). This is the statement of taxes withheld, which is furnished to you by your employer. If the statement is not available, please explain. Be sure to sign your return. File early (Deadline is April 15, 2006).

These instructions are for the use of non-resident and part-year resident taxpayers only. Full Year resident taxpayers will file their individual income tax returns on Form RI-1040 or RI-1040EZ. Resident forms and instructions are available upon request at the Rhode Island Division of Taxation.

DEFINITION OF RESIDENT AND NONRESIDENT

RESIDENT: a person (a) who is domiciled in the State of Rhode Island or (b) who, even though domiciled outside Rhode Island, maintains a permanent place of abode within the state and spends a total of more than 183 days of the taxable year within the state.

NONRESIDENT: any person not coming within the definition of a resident. For purposes of the above definition, domicile is found to be a place an individual regards as his or her permanent home – the place to which he or she intends to return after a period of absence. A domicile, once established, continues until a new fixed and permanent home is acquired. No change of domicile results from moving to a new location if the intention is to remain only for a limited time even if it is for a relatively long duration. For a married couple, normally both individuals have the same domicile. Any person asserting a change in domicile must show:

- (1) an intent to abandon the former domicile,
- (2) an intent to acquire a new domicile and
- (3) actual physical presence in a new domicile.

INCOME OF A NONRESIDENT SUBJECT TO TAX

A nonresident is subject to tax on all items included in his or her total federal income (including his or her distributive share of partnership income or gain and his or her share of estate or trust income or gain) which are derived from or connected with Rhode Island sources as follows:

From real or tangible personal property located in the state.

From a business, trade, profession or occupation carried on in the state.

From services performed in the state.

Winnings and prizes from RI lottery and pari-mutual betting events in this state.

A nonresident is not subject to tax on the following classes of income even though included in total federal income:

Annuities, interest, dividends or gains from the sale or exchange of intangible personal property unless they are part of the income from any business, trade, profession or occupation carried on in this state by the nonresident taxpayer.

Compensation received for active service in the military forces of the United States.

INCOME TERMS DEFINED

In these instructions "total federal income" is federal adjusted gross income as defined in the United States Internal Revenue Code (IRC) and applicable regulations. "Total income from Rhode Island sources" is that portion of your total federal income derived from or connected with Rhode Island sources. "Total Rhode Island income" is your total income from Rhode Island sources after making the additions and subtractions described later in these instructions. Total Rhode Island income of a part-year resident includes total income from Rhode Island sources for the entire year plus other income received during period of residence in Rhode Island after making the additions and subtractions described later in these instructions.

WHO MUST FILE A RETURN

Every nonresident individual required by the laws of the United States to file a federal income tax return who has income derived from or connected with Rhode Island sources must file a Rhode Island individual income tax return. Nonresidents should complete page 5, schedule III.

Every part-year individual who was a resident for a period of less than 12 months is required to file a Rhode Island return if he or she is required to file a federal return. Part-year residents should complete page 7, schedule V.

Nonresident and part-year resident individuals who are not required to file a federal income tax return may be required to file a Rhode Island individual income tax return if he or she has Rhode Island modifications increasing their Federal Adjusted Gross income.

JOINT AND SEPARATE RETURNS

JOINT RETURNS: Generally, if a husband and wife file a joint federal income tax return they also must file a joint Rhode Island income tax return.

However, if either the husband or wife is a resident and the other is a non-resident, they must file separate returns, unless they elect to file a joint return as if both were residents of Rhode Island. If the resident spouse files separately in Rhode Island and a joint federal return is filed for both spouses, the resident spouse must compute income, exemptions and tax as if a separate federal return had been filed.

If neither spouse is required to file a federal income tax return and either or both are required to file a Rhode Island income tax return, they may elect to file a joint Rhode Island income tax return.

Individuals filing joint Rhode Island income tax returns are both equally liable to pay the tax. They incur what is known as "joint and several liability" for Rhode Island income tax.

SEPARATE RETURNS: Individuals filing separate federal income tax returns must file separate Rhode Island income tax returns.

MILITARY PERSONNEL

Under the provisions of the Soldiers and Sailors Civil Relief Act the service pay of members of the armed forces can only be subject to income tax by the state of which they are legal residents. Place of legal residence at the time of entry into the service is normally presumed to be the legal state of residence and remains so until legal residence in another state is established and service records are changed accordingly. The Rhode Island income tax is imposed on all the federal taxable income of a resident who is a member of the armed forces, regardless of where such income is received. Military pay received by a nonresident service person stationed in Rhode Island is not subject to Rhode Island income tax. This does not apply to other income derived from Rhode Island sources, e.g., if the service person holds a separate job, not connected with his or her military service, income received from that job is subject to Rhode Island income tax. Income derived from Rhode Island sources by the service person's spouse is subject to Rhode Island income tax.

Internal Revenue Code provisions governing armed forces pay while serving in a "combat zone" or in an area under conditions that qualify for Hostile Fire Pay are applicable for Rhode Island purposes.

DECEASED TAXPAYERS

If the taxpayer died before filing a return for 2005, the taxpayer's spouse or personal representative must file and sign a return for the person who died if the deceased was required to file a return. A personal representative can be an executor, administrator or anyone who is in charge of the taxpayer's property. The person who files the return should write "deceased" after the deceased's name and show the date of death in the name and address space on the return.

If you are claiming a refund as a surviving spouse filing a joint return with the deceased, no other form is needed to have the refund issued to you. However, all other filers requesting a refund due the deceased, must file Form RI-1310, Statement of Person Claiming Refund Due a Deceased Taxpayer, to claim the refund.

WHEN TO FILE

Your return must be filed no later than April 15, 2006.

If the due date of your return falls on a Saturday, Sunday or Rhode Island legal holiday, the return will be due on the next working day.

EXTENSION OF TIME

Any extension of time for filing an individual income tax return granted shall not operate to extend the time for the payment of any tax due on such return.

In General -

- (1) An individual who is required to file a Rhode Island income tax return shall be allowed an automatic six month extension of time to file such return.
- (2) An application must be prepared in duplicate on form RI-4868.
- (3) The original of the application must be filed on or before the date prescribed for the filing of the return of the individual with the Rhode Island Division of Taxation.
- (4) The application for extension must show the full amount properly estimated as tax for the taxable year, and the application must be accompanied by the full remittance of the amount properly estimated as tax which is unpaid as of the date prescribed for the filing of the return.

NOTE: If no payment is required to be made with your Rhode Island extension form and you are filing a federal extension form for the same period of time, then you do not need to submit the Rhode Island form. Attach a copy of the Federal Form 4868 or the electronic acknowledgement you receive from the IRS to your Rhode Island individual income tax return at the time it is submitted.

WHERE TO FILE

Mail your return to:
STATE OF RHODE ISLAND
Division of Taxation
One Capitol Hill
Providence RI 02908-5814

WHERE TO GET FORMS

As far as practical, tax forms and instructions are mailed directly to taxpayers. Additional forms may be obtained from:

The Division of Taxation (401) 222-1111
The website <http://www.tax.ri.gov>

MISSING OR INCORRECT FORM W-2

This is the form furnished to you by your employer which shows the amount of your income tax withheld by them, and a copy of it must accompany your Rhode Island income tax return if you are to receive credit for such withheld tax. Only your employer can issue or correct this form. If you have not received a Form W-2 from your employer by February 15, 2006 or if the form which you have received is incorrect, contact your employer as soon as possible.

ROUNDING OFF TO WHOLE DOLLARS

The money items on your return and schedules may be shown in whole dollars. This means that you may eliminate any amount less than 50 cents and increase any amount from 50 cents to 99 cents to the next higher dollar.

CHANGES IN YOUR FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME OR FEDERAL TAX LIABILITY

You must report to the Rhode Island Division of Taxation any change or correction in federal taxable income or federal tax liability as reported on your

federal income tax return, whether resulting from the filing of an amended federal return or otherwise, within 90 days after filing such amended return or final determination of such change by the Internal Revenue Service.
Use form RI-1040X.

RHODE ISLAND LOTTERY PRIZES

Winnings and prizes received from the Rhode Island Lottery are taxable under the Rhode Island personal income tax and are includable in the income of both residents and non-residents alike.

SIGNATURE

You must sign your Rhode Island income tax return and both husband and wife must sign their joint return. An unsigned return cannot be processed.

Any paid preparer who prepares a taxpayer's return must also sign as "preparer". If a firm or corporation prepares the return, it should be signed in the name of the firm or corporation.

If you wish to allow the Tax Division to contact your paid preparer should questions arise about your return, check the appropriate box above the preparer's name.

Don't need forms mailed to you next year? Taxpayers who pay someone else to prepare their returns probably do not need a booklet mailed to them each year. If you do not need a booklet mailed to you next year, check the box below the signature line. The Division of Taxation will send you a postcard as a reminder to see your preparer. Telling us that you do not need a booklet next year will help us to reduce printing and mailing costs.

PAYMENTS OR REFUNDS

Any balance of tax liability shown on your return to be due the State of Rhode Island must be paid in full with your return. Make check or money order payable to the Rhode Island Division of Taxation and forward with your return to the State of Rhode Island, Division of Taxation, One Capitol Hill, Providence, RI 02908-5814. An amount due of less than one dollar (\$1) need not be remitted.

A refund will be made if overpayment of income tax is shown on your return, unless you indicate on your return that such overpayment is to be credited to estimated tax liability for 2006. No other application for refund is necessary. Please note that no refund can be made unless your return is properly signed. Refunds of less than \$1.00 will not be made unless specifically requested.

ESTIMATED INCOME TAX

If a taxpayer can reasonably expect to owe more than \$250 after allowing for withholding tax and/or credits, he or she must make estimated tax payments. Estimated tax payments are made on Form

RI-1040ES that has instructions for computing the estimated tax and making payments.

NET OPERATING LOSS DEDUCTIONS

The Rhode Island Personal Income Tax law relating to Net Operating Loss deduction (NOL) has been amended by enactment of RIGL §44-30-2.8 and RIGL §44-30-87.1

Under the provisions of section 44-30-2.8, the five (5) year carry back provision for years ending in 2001 and 2002 provided by the Job Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002 (P.L.107-147) for federal tax purposes shall not be allowed for Rhode Island tax purposes.

If a taxpayer has already filed a return claiming a five (5) year carry back, he/she must file a Rhode Island amended return on form RI-1040X.

Under the provisions of section 44-30-87.1, for losses incurred for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2002, an NOL deduction may not be carried back for Rhode Island personal income tax purposes, but will only be allowed as a carry forward for the number of succeeding years as provided in IRS Sec. 172. A carry forward can only be used on the Rhode Island return to the extent that the carry forward is used on the federal return.

Should you have any questions regarding this notice, please call the Personal Income Tax Section at (401) 222-3911.

BONUS DEPRECIATION

A bill passed disallowing the new federal bonus depreciation for Rhode Island tax purposes. When filing a Rhode Island tax return any bonus depreciation taken for federal purposes must be added back to income as a modification on Schedule 1, line 23b for Rhode Island purposes. In subsequent years, when federal depreciation is less than what previously would have been allowed, the difference may be deducted from income as a modification on Schedule 1, line 24b for Rhode Island purposes.

A separate schedule of depreciation must be kept for Rhode Island purposes. The gain or loss on the sale or other disposition of the asset is to be determined, for Rhode Island purposes, using the Rhode Island depreciation schedule.

EXAMPLE: A company bought equipment after September 11, 2001 that cost \$10,000 and had a 10 year life and qualified for 30% bonus depreciation. Depreciation for federal purposes in the first year was \$3,700 (30% X \$10,000) + (10% x 7,000). Normal depreciation in the first year would have been \$1,000. The Company should add back on Schedule 1, line 23b of RI-1040NR the amount of \$2,700 (\$3,700 - \$1,000). The company should write on line 23b the words "Bonus Depreciation Adjustment". In subsequent years the company should deduct \$300 (\$1000 - \$700) each year while depreciation lasts. The deduction should be on line 24b of RI-1040NR and they should write in the words "Bonus Depreciation Adjustment".

If a taxpayer has already filed a return, a form RI-1040X should be filed.

Questions on this procedure should be addressed by calling the Personal Income Tax Section at (401) 222-3911.

SECTION 179 DEPRECIATION

Rhode Island passed a bill disallowing the increase in the section 179 depreciation under the Jobs & Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003. Section 179 depreciation will remain limited to \$25,000 for Rhode Island income tax purposes. When filing your Rhode Island tax return any additional section 179 depreciation taken must be added back to federal adjusted gross income as a modification on RI-1040NR, page 2, schedule I, line 23B. In subsequent years, when federal depreciation is less than what previously would have been allowed, the difference may be deducted from federal adjusted income as a modification on RI-1040NR, page 2, schedule I, line 24B.

A separate schedule of deprecation must be kept for Rhode Island purposes. The gain or loss on the sale or other disposition of the asset is to be determined, for Rhode Island purposes, using the Rhode Island depreciation schedule.

FAMILY EDUCATION ACCOUNTS

(Tuition Savings Program – Section 529)

A modification decreasing federal adjusted gross income may be claimed for contributions made to Rhode Island's tuition savings program "529 plan". The maximum modification shall not exceed \$500, \$1,000 if a joint return, regardless of the number of accounts. Taxpayers should claim the modification on Schedule I, line 24b and write in the words "Tuition Savings Program". If the funds are rolled over to a Tuition Savings Plan of another state or are an unqualified withdrawal, recapture is required.

Taxpayers may also take a modification decreasing federal adjusted gross income in the amount of any qualified withdrawal or distribution from the "Tuition Saving Program" which is included in federal adjusted gross income. Taxpayers should claim the modification on Schedule I, line 24b and write in the words "Tuition Savings Program"

RHODE ISLAND TAX CREDITS

Rhode Island law provides special Rhode Island tax credits which may be applied against the Rhode Island income tax. Before claiming any credits, taxpayers should refer to the Rhode Island law and/or regulations for specific requirements for each credit such as carryover provisions and the order in which the credits must be used. Taxpayers claiming credits must attach the proper form(s) and other documentation to the return; failure to do so will result in disallowance of the credit. The following is a brief list of the current Rhode Island state tax credits:

- (1) **Investment Tax Credit** (RI-3468) – for manufacturing and other property. RIGL 44-31
- (2) **Daycare Assistance and Development Credit** (RI-2441) – for employers and others providing daycare to employees. RIGL 44-47
- (3) **Historic Residence Credit** – for approved residence rehabilitation. RIGL 44-33.1
- (4) **Historic Commercial Building Credit** – for approved commercial rehabilitation. RIGL 44-33.2
- (5) **Residential Lead Abatement Income Tax Credit** (RI-6238) – for qualified lead hazard removal or mitigation. RIGL 44-30.3
- (6) **Research and Development Property Credit** (RI-7695P) – for property in laboratory or experimental research. RIGL 44-32-2
- (7) **Research and Development Expense Credit** (RI-7695E) – for federally defined excess RI expenses in laboratory or experimental research. RIGL 44-32-3
- (8) **Qualifying Widow(er) Credit** (RI-SP01) – for RI qualifying widow(er) age 65 with dependent child. RIGL 44-30-26
- (9) **Residential Renewable Energy System Credit** – for specific types of residential systems approved by the RI energy office. RIGL 44-57
- (10) **Employers' Worksite Adult Education Credit** (RI-6324) – for employers offering specific types of adult education. RIGL 44-46
- (11) **Jobs Training Expenses Credit** (RI-2949) – for training specifically approved by the RI Human Resource Investment Council. RIGL 42-64.6
- (12) **Motion Picture Production Tax Credit** - for certified production costs as determined by the Rhode Island Film and Television Office. RIGL 44-31.2.

INTEREST

Any tax not paid when due including failure to pay adequate estimated tax is subject to interest at the rates of 12% in 2005 and 12% in 2006. Interest on refunds of tax overpayments will be paid at the rate of 12% if the refund is not paid within 90 days of the due date or the date the completed return was filed whichever is later.

PENALTIES

The law provides for penalties in the following circumstances:
Failure to file an income tax return
Failure to pay any tax due on or before the due date.
Preparing or filing a fraudulent income tax return.

USE OF FEDERAL INCOME TAX INFORMATION

All amounts reported from the Federal Form 1040, 1040A, 1040EZ, Telefile, 1040NR and 1040NR-EZ as well as those reported on Form RI-1040NR are subject to verification and audit by the Rhode Island Division of Taxation.

The Rhode Island Division of Taxation and the Internal Revenue Service exchange income tax information to verify the accuracy of the information reported on Federal and Rhode Island income tax returns.

PAYMENT BY CREDIT CARD

To Pay by Credit Card. You may use your American Express® Card, Discover® Card, Visa® Card or MasterCard® card. To pay by credit card, call toll free or access by Internet the service provider listed on this page and follow the instructions of the provider. A convenience fee will be charged by the service provider based on the amount you are paying. You will be told what the fee is during the transaction and you will have the option to either continue or cancel the transaction. You can also find out what the fee will be by calling the provider's toll-free automated customer service number or visiting the provider's Web Site shown below. If you paid by credit card, enter on page 1 of Form RI-1040NR in the upper left corner the confirmation number you were given at the end of the transaction and the amount of your tax payment (not including the convenience fee). You may also use this method for making 2006 Rhode Island estimated income tax payments.

Official Payments Corporation
1-800-2PAY-TAX (1-800-272-9829)

On line payments
www.officialpayments.com

Customer Service
1-877-754-4413

OTHER QUESTIONS

Obviously the foregoing general instructions and the specific instructions for completing the return form(s) which follow will not answer all questions that may arise. If you have any doubt regarding completion of your return, further assistance may be obtained at the Division of Taxation, One Capitol Hill, Providence RI 02908-5801 or by calling taxpayer assistance at (401) 222-1040.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

NAME AND ADDRESS

If the name or address shown on the return is incorrect, print or type any necessary correction on the return. If you did not receive the booklet and pre-addressed return, please complete the identification portion of the return, including the city or town of legal residence.

ELECTORAL SYSTEM CONTRIBUTION

You may designate a contribution of five dollars (\$5) or ten dollars (\$10) if married and filing a joint return, to the account for the public financing of the electoral system. The first two dollars (\$2) or four dollars (\$4) if married and filing a joint return, up to a total of two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) collectively for all parties and the nonpartisan account, shall be allocated only to political parties which at the preceding general election, nominated a candidate for governor and such candidate polled at least 5 percent of the entire vote cast in the state

for governor. The remaining funds shall be allocated for the public financing of campaigns for governor.

An electoral system contribution will NOT increase your tax due or reduce your refund.

FILING STATUS

Check the appropriate box to indicate your filing status. Generally your filing status for Rhode Island income tax purposes is the same as for Federal income tax purposes.

Line 1 – Federal Adjusted Gross Income: Enter your federal adjusted gross income from Federal Form 1040, line 37; 1040A, line 21; 1040EZ, line 4, Telefile, line I; 1040NR, line 35 or 1040NR-EZ, line 10.

Line 2 – Modifications: Enter your net modifications from schedule I, line 25. Schedule I is found on page 2 of Form RI-1040NR and is discussed further in these instructions.

Line 3 – Modified Federal Adjusted Gross Income: Determine your modified federal adjusted gross income by combining the amount on line 1 with the amount on line 2.

Line 4 – Deductions: Enter your RI standard deduction or amount from Federal Schedule A, line 28, whichever is greater.

Single	\$5,000
Married Joint	\$8,300
Qualifying Widower	\$8,300
Married Separate	\$4,150
Head of Household	\$7,300

If you or your spouse were age 65 or older (born before 01/02/1941) or blind at the end of 2005 see the RI Standard Deduction Schedule A on page 4 to determine the amount of your standard deduction. If you use the Schedule to determine the amount of your standard deduction, you must attach the schedule to your RI-1040NR.

If someone else can claim you on their return you must complete the RI Standard Deduction Schedule B on page 4 to determine the amount of your standard deduction. If you use the Schedule to determine the amount of your standard deduction, you must attach the schedule to your RI-1040NR.

If you are filing a federal form 1040NR or 1040NR-EZ enter the amount from 1040NR, Schedule A, line 17 or 1040NR-EZ, line 11, whichever applies.

If you itemize your deductions and line 3 is more than \$145,950 (\$72,975 if married filing separate), you need to recalculate your itemized deductions based on your modified federal adjusted gross income. Complete the RI Itemized Deduction Schedule on page 4. If you use the Schedule to determine the amount of your standard deduction, you must attach the schedule to your RI-1040NR

If you are filing married filing joint or married filing separate, you may itemize your deductions on your RI return even if you do not itemize on your federal return. Calculate your itemized deductions on your Federal Schedule A. Compare the amount to your RI standard deduction and enter the larger amount.

Line 5 - Subtract line 4 from line 3.

Number of Exemptions: Enter the amount from Federal Form 1040, line 6d; 1040A, line 6d or 1040NR, line 7d. If you are filing a Federal Form 1040NR-EZ, enter 1. If you are filing a Federal Form 1040EZ or Federal Telefile Form then enter the amount from the chart below in the box on line 6.

Amount on Federal 1040EZ, line 5	Enter in box on RI-1040NR, line 6
Less than 5,000	0
5,000	0
8,200	1
10,000	0
13,200	1
16,400	2

Amount on Federal Telefile line J(2)	Enter in box on RI-1040NR, line 6
0	0
3,200	1
6,400	2

Line 6 – Multiply the number of exemptions in the box by \$3,200.

However, if line 3 is more than \$109,475 or you provided housing to a person displaced by Hurricane Katrina, see worksheet below to compute your exemption amount.

Line 7 – Rhode Island Taxable Income: Subtract line 6 from line 5.

Line 8A – Rhode Island Income Tax: Enter the RI income tax from the RI Tax Table or Tax Computation Worksheet, RI Schedule CGW, RI Schedule D, RI Schedule J or RI-8615. Check the box to indicate the method used to calculate the RI Income tax. Check only one box.

Line 8B – Other RI Taxes: Enter the amount from RI Schedule OT, page 3, line 14. Use this line to report any tax from lump-sum distributions, parents' election to report child's interest and dividends, recapture of federal tax credits and miscellaneous federal taxes.

Line 9 – Rhode Island Alternative Minimum Tax: If you are reporting an alternative minimum tax on your federal income tax return, you must complete form RI-6251 and enter the amount from RI-6251, line 14 on Form RI-1040NR, page 1, line 9. Attach a copy of Form RI-6251 to your RI-1040NR.

If you have claimed modifications to federal adjusted gross income on line 2, you must recalculate your federal alternative minimum tax based on your modified federal adjusted gross income. If you did not report a federal alternative minimum tax, but a federal alternative minimum tax would be required based on your modified federal adjusted gross income, you must calculate a federal alternative minimum tax based on your modified federal adjusted gross income for Rhode Island purposes and complete RI-6251.

Line 10 – Total Rhode Island Income Tax: Add lines 8A, 8B and 9.

Line 11 – Rhode Island Percentage of Allowable Federal Credits: Enter the amount of allowable federal credits from page 2, schedule II, line 34.

Line 12 – Rhode Island Tax After Allowable Federal Credits – Before Allocation: Subtract line 11 from line 10. If zero or less, enter zero.

Line 13 – Rhode Island Allocated Income Tax: If all your income is from Rhode Island, check the first box and enter the amount from line 12 on this line.

EXEMPTION WORKSHEET for RI-1040 or RI-1040NR, line 6

1. Multiply \$500 by the total number of guests listed on Federal Form 8914, part I. Do not enter more than \$2,000. (If you are entering an amount on this line, you must attach Federal Form 8914 to your RI-1040 or RI-1040NR) 1. _____
2. Multiply \$3,200 by the total number of exemptions claimed in box on RI-1040 or RI-1040NR, page 1, line 6..... 2. _____
3. Add lines 1 and 2..... 3. _____
4. Is the amount on RI-1040 or RI-1040NR, line 3 more than the amount shown on line 6 below?
 Yes. Continue to line 5.
 No. **STOP HERE!** Enter the amount from line 3 above on RI-1040 or RI-1040NR, page 1, line 6.
5. Enter the amount from RI-1040 or RI-1040NR, page 1, line 3..... 5. _____
6. If your filing status is... then enter on line 6

Single	\$145,950	} 6. _____
Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er)	218,950		
Married filing separately	109,475		
Head of household	182,450		
7. Subtract line 6 from line 5. If the result is more than \$122,500 (\$61,250 if Married filing separately), then **STOP HERE** you **CANNOT** take a deduction for exemptions. Otherwise, enter the result here... 7. _____
8. Divide line 7 by \$2,500 (\$1,250 if Married filing separately). If the result is not a whole number, increase it to the next higher whole number (for example, increase 0.0004 to 1)..... 8. _____
9. Multiply line 8 by 2% (.02) and enter the result as a decimal..... 9. ____ . ____ _
10. Multiply line 2 by line 9..... 10. _____
11. Deduction for exemption. Subtract line 10 from line 3. Enter here and on RI-1040 or RI-1040NR, page 1, line 6..... 11. _____

If you are a non-resident with income from outside Rhode Island, complete page 5, schedule III and enter the result on this line. Also check the second box.

If you are a part-year resident with income from outside Rhode Island, complete page 7, schedule V and enter the result on this line. Also check the third box.

Line 14 – Other Rhode Island Credits: Enter amount of other Rhode Island credits and list the form number on line 14. Attach a copy of the appropriate credit form to your RI-1040NR. A listing and a description of the various Rhode Island credits are available in the general instructions.

Line 15 – Total Rhode Island Income Tax – After Rhode Island Credits: Subtract the amount on line 14 from the amount on line 13. If zero or less, enter zero.

Line 16 – Rhode Island Checkoff Contributions: Enter amount of checkoff contributions from page 3, Schedule IV, line 8. An explanation of each check-off contribution is contained later in these instructions. These checkoff contributions will increase your tax due or reduce your refund.

Line 17 – Total Rhode Island Tax and Checkoff Contributions: Add lines 15, 16 and any Use/Sales Tax from line 6 on the worksheet below. Also, enter the amount of Use/Sales tax in the space provided on line 17.

What is a Use Tax?

A Use Tax is a tax on the use of tangible personal property in a state where the property has not been subject to the sales tax. Rhode Island Use Tax applies when merchandise purchased outside of Rhode Island is brought into Rhode Island. Sales and use taxes are complementary taxes and are assessed at the same rate. In Rhode Island the sales and use tax rate is 7%. The Rhode Island Use Tax is most often due when merchandise subject to the sales tax in Rhode Island is purchased from an out-of-state vendor who did not collect the Rhode Island tax and the property is subsequently used in this state. Common examples of transactions from which use tax liability may arise are mail order catalog sales and toll-free "800" purchases and purchases made over the internet.

What is taxable?

The same items that are subject to the Rhode

Island Sales Tax are subject to the use tax. Some typical examples of taxable items are jewelry, computers and electronic equipment. Clothing and footwear are not taxable.

How do I file and pay?

To report use tax, please complete the Rhode Island Individual Consumer's Use/Sales Tax worksheet below.

Line 18A – Rhode Island Income Tax Withheld: Enter total amount of Rhode Island 2005 income tax withheld. (Attach state copy of all forms W-2, 1099s, etc. to the front of the return) Credit for Rhode Island income tax withheld will be allowed only for those amounts supported by attached W-2s, 1099s, etc.

Line 18B – 2005 Estimated Payments and Amount Applied from 2004 return: Enter the amount of estimated payments on 2005 Form RI-1040ES and the amount applied from your 2004 return.

Line 18C – Nonresident Withholding on Real Estate Sales in 2005: Enter the amount of Rhode Island income tax withheld on sales of real estate located in Rhode Island.

Line 18D - Nonresident withholding from pass-through entities: Enter pass-through withholding paid on your behalf from form RI 1099-PT, box 8 (attach Form RI 1099-PT to your return).

Line 18E – RI Earned Income Credit: Enter amount from RI Schedule EIC, page 2, line 43. If you are claiming a RI earned income credit you must attach RI Schedule EIC to your RI-1040NR.

Line 18F – Other Payments: Enter any other payments, including advance payments made with your application for an automatic extension of time to file (Form RI-4868). Attach a copy of Form RI-4868 and check the box on the face of the RI-1040NR to the right of line 18.

Line 18G – Total Payments and Credits: Add lines 18A, 18B, 18C, 18D, 18E and 18F.

Line 19 – Balance Due: If the amount on line 17 is greater than the amount of line 18G, **SUBTRACT** line 18G from line 17 and enter the balance due on line 19. This is the amount you owe. This amount is payable in full with your return. Complete Form

RI-1040V. Send payment and Form RI-1040V with your return. An amount due of less than one dollar (\$1) need not be paid.

If you owe underestimating interest, complete Form RI-2210 or Form RI-2210A. Indicate the amount of interest due from RI-2210, line 12 or line 22 or form RI-2210A, line 12 in the space provided on line 19. Add the interest to the amount due, enter the total on line 19 and include the total amount due with your return.

Line 20 – Overpayment: If the amount on line 18G is greater than the amount on line 17 then **SUBTRACT** line 17 from line 18G and enter the overpayment on line 20.

Line 21 – Refund: Enter the amount of the overpayment on line 20 that is to be refunded. Refunds of less than \$1.00 will not be paid unless specifically requested.

Line 22 - Overpayment to be Applied to 2006: Enter the amount of overpayment on line 20, which is to be applied to your 2006 estimated tax. (See General Instructions)

SCHEDULE I – MODIFICATIONS TO FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME

Line 23A – Modifications Increasing Federal Adjusted Gross Income: Enter income from obligations of any state or its political subdivision, other than Rhode Island.

Line 23B – Other Modifications: Enter the amount of other adjustments increasing federal adjusted gross income (attach explanation). These may include:

- (1) Rhode Island fiduciary adjustment as beneficiary of an estate or trust under Section 44-30-17;
- (2) Income distributed to a resident beneficiary of a trust which was previously taxed to the grantor of the trust for federal income tax purposes but was not taxable as investment income prior to the amendment of Section 44-28-7(d);
- (3) Interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry obligations or securities the income of which is exempt from Rhode Island personal income tax, to the extent such interest has been deducted in determining federal adjusted gross income or taxable income;
- (4) Family Education Accounts
- (5) Bonus depreciation that has been taken for federal purposes that must be added back to Rhode Island income. (See general instruction for more details).
- (6) Increased Section 179 depreciation that has been taken for federal purposes that must be added back to Rhode Island income. (See general instructions for more details).

Line 23C – Total Modifications Increasing Federal Adjusted Gross Income: Add lines 23A and 23B.

Line 24 – Modifications Decreasing Federal Adjusted Gross Income: Enter income from obligations of the United States Government to the extent included in adjusted gross income for federal tax purposes but exempt for state purposes. Example – US Government Series E bond interest. Taxpayers claiming these modifications must submit a schedule showing the source and amount of income claimed to be exempt.

INDIVIDUAL CONSUMER'S USE/SALES TAX WORKSHEET	
for RI-1040NR, page 1, line 17	
KEEP FOR YOUR RECORDS - YOU DO NOT NEED TO ATTACH THIS WORKSHEET TO YOUR RETURN.	
1. Schedule of purchases subject to the use/sales tax (if you need more space to list your purchases, attach a separate sheet).	
A. _____	1A. _____
B. _____	1B. _____
C. _____	1C. _____
2. Total price of purchases subject to tax - add lines 1A, 1B and 1C.....	2. _____
3. Rhode Island percentage.....	3. <u>7%</u>
4. Amount of tax - multiply line 2 by line 3.....	4. _____
5. Credit for taxes paid in other states on the items listed on line 1.....	5. _____
6. TOTAL AMOUNT DUE - subtract line 5 from line 4 - enter here and in the space provided on RI-1040NR, page 1, line 17.....	6. _____

Line 24B – Other Modifications: Enter the amount of other adjustments decreasing federal adjusted gross income (attach explanation). These may include:

- (1) Rhode Island fiduciary adjustment as beneficiary of an estate or trust under Section 44-30-17;
- (2) Interest or dividend income on obligations or securities of any authority, commission or instrumentality of the United States to the extent included in gross income for federal income tax purposes but exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States;
- (3) Elective deduction for new research and development facilities. (Attach form RI-1040RD);
- (4) Railroad Retirement benefits included in gross income for federal income tax purposes but exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States;
- (5) Qualifying investment in a certified venture capital partnership;
- (6) Family Education Accounts – Enter amount of modification decreasing federal AGI from RI-1040FEA;
- (7) Tuition Saving Program (section 529 accounts) - A modification decreasing federal adjusted gross income may be claimed for any contributions made to an account under the tuition savings program. The maximum modification shall not exceed \$500, \$1,000 if a joint return.
- (8) Exemptions from tax on profit or gain for writers, composers and artists residing within a section of the defined Economic Development Zone within the cities of Pawtucket & Providence and the Town of Westerly and creating artistic works while a resident of the Zone. Taxpayer claiming these modifications must submit a schedule showing the source and amount of income claimed to be exempt.
- (9) Depreciation that has not been taken for federal purposes because of the bonus depreciation that must be subtracted from Rhode Island income. (See general instruction for more details)
- (10) Depreciation that has not been taken for federal purposes because of the increased section 179 depreciation was not taken originally. (See general instruction for more details).
- (11) Allowable modification for performance based compensation realized by an eligible employee under the Rhode Island Jobs Growth Act. Taxpayers claiming this modification must check the box to the right of line 24.

Line 24C –Total Modifications Decreasing Federal Adjusted Gross Income: Add lines 24A and 24B and enter as a negative number.

Line 25 – Net Modifications: Combine lines 23C and 24C (Enter here and on RI-1040NR, page 1, line 2).

SCHEDULE II – ALLOWABLE FEDERAL CREDITS

Line 26 – Rhode Island Income Tax: Enter the amount from Form RI-1040NR, page 1, line 10.

Line 27 – Foreign Tax Credit: Enter the amount from Federal Form 1040, line 47 or 1040NR, line 44.

Line 28 – Credit for Child and Dependent Care Expenses: Enter the amount from Federal Form 1040, line 48; 1040A, line 29 or 1040NR, line 45.

Line 29 – Credit for Elderly or the Disabled: Enter the amount from Federal Form 1040, line 49 or 1040A, line 30.

Line 30 – Federal Mortgage Interest Credit: Enter the amount from Federal Form 8396, line 11.

Line 31A - This line has been left intentionally blank for use on the 2006 Rhode Island Income Tax return. Do not enter any amount on this line.

Line 31B – Other federal credits: Enter the amount of allowable federal credits from Federal Form 1040, lines 55 and 70 or 1040NR, lines 50 and 64.

Allowable Federal Credits included on Federal Form 1040, lines 55 and 70:

- (1) 3468 Investment Credit
- (2) 6478 Credit for Alcohol Used as Fuel
- (3) 6765 Credit for Increasing Research Activities
- (4) 8586 Low-Income Housing Credit
- (5) 8826 Disabled Access Credit
- (6) 8830 Enhanced Oil Recovery Credit
- (7) 8835 Renewable Electricity Production Credit
- (8) 8845 Indian Employment Credit
- (9) 8846 Credit for Employer Social Security and Medicare Taxes Paid on Certain Employees
- (10) 8847 Credit for Contributions to Selected Community Development Corporations
- (11) 8801 Credit for Prior Year Minimum Tax
- (12) 8834 Qualified Electric Vehicle Credit
- (13) 8844 Empowerment Zone Employment Credit
- (14) 4136 Credit for Federal Tax Paid on Fuels

Line 32 – Total allowable Federal Credits: Add lines 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31B.

Line 33 – Multiply the amount on line 32 by 25%

Line 34 Maximum Credit: Enter the amount from line 26 or 33, whichever is less. Enter here and on form RI-1040NR, page 1, line 11.

RI SCHEDULE EIC – RHODE ISLAND EARNED INCOME CREDIT

Line 35 – Rhode Island Income Tax: Enter the amount from RI-1040NR, line 15.

Line 36 – Federal Earned Income Credit: Enter the amount of Federal Earned Income Credit from Federal Form 1040, line 66a; 1040A, line 41a; 1040EZ, line 8 or telefile line L.

Line 37 – The Rhode Island percentage for 2005 is 25%.

Line 38 – Multiply line 36 by line 37.

Line 39 – Enter the smaller of line 35 or line 38.

Line 40 – Subtract line 39 from line 38. If line 39 is greater than or equal to line 38, skip line 41A through line 42 and enter the amount from line 39 on line 43. Otherwise, continue to line 41A.

Line 41A – The refundable Rhode Island percentage is 10%.

Line 41B – Multiply line 40 by line 41A.

Line 41C – Rhode Island Allocation: enter the amount of your RI allocation from Schedule III, page 5, line 13 or Schedule V, page 7, line 14.

Line 42 – Rhode Island Refundable Earned Income Credit: Multiply line 41B by line 41C.

Line 43 – Total Rhode Island Earned Income Credit: Add line 42 and line 39. Enter here and on RI-1040NR, line 18E.

SCHEDULE IV – RHODE ISLAND CHECK-OFF CONTRIBUTIONS

NOTE: These checkoff contributions will increase your tax due or reduce your refund. All checkoff contributions are voluntary.

Lines 1 through 8 – Contributions: A contribution to the following programs may be made by checking the appropriate box(es) or by entering the amount you want to contribute. All such contributions are deposited as general revenues.

- (1) Drug Program Account
- (2) Olympic Contribution
- (3) Rhode Island Organ Transplant Fund
- (4) Rhode Island Council on the Arts
- (5) Rhode Island Non-game Wildlife Appropriation
- (6) Childhood Disease Victims' Fund
- (7) RI Military Family Relief Fund

Line 8 – Total Contributions: Add lines 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 then enter the total here and on page 1, line 16.

RI SCHEDULE OT – OTHER RHODE ISLAND TAXES

Complete this schedule if you are reporting a federal tax on lump-sum distributions, parents' election to report child's interest and dividends, a recapture of federal tax credits or other miscellaneous federal income taxes.

Line 9 – Tax on Lump-sum Distributions: Enter the amount from Federal Form 4972, line 7 or line 30.

Line 10 – Tax on Parents' Election To Report Child's Interest and Dividends: Enter all the amounts from each Federal Form 8814, line 9.

Line 11 – Tax on Amount of Recapture of Federal Tax Credits and Other Miscellaneous Federal Income Taxes: Enter the amount of recapture of federal tax credits and any other miscellaneous federal income taxes that you are claiming. Miscellaneous Federal Taxes may include, but are not limited to:

- (1) Recapture of Mortgage Credit Certificate
- (2) Tax on Accumulation Distribution of Trusts

Line 12 – Add lines 9, 10 and 11.

Line 13 – The Rhode Island percentage for 2005 is 25%.

Line 14 – Other RI Taxes: Multiply line 12 by line 13. Enter here and on RI-1040NR, line 8B.

RI-8615 – TAX FOR CHILDREN UNDER AGE 14 WHO HAVE INVESTMENT INCOME (FOR TAXPAYERS WHO FILED FEDERAL FORM 8615)

Line 15 – Enter the amount from Federal Form 8615, Line 18.

Line 16 – The Rhode Island percentage for 2005 is 25%.

Line 17 – Tax: Multiply line 15 by line 16. Enter here and on RI-1040NR, page 1, line 8A and check the RI-8615 box.

SCHEDULE III – NONRESIDENT TAX CALCULATION

Part 1 – Allocation & Tax Worksheet

This worksheet is located on page 5, Form RI-1040NR and is to be completed by full year nonresidents. – Part-year residents complete schedule V on page 7.

Column A, Lines 1 through 10 –

Line 1 – Wages, Salaries, Tips, etc.

Enter the amount of your total wages, salaries, commissions, tips, etc. reported on your federal return which were received for services performed in Rhode Island.

Compensation earned partly within and partly without Rhode Island – If total wage and salary income was earned partly within and partly without Rhode Island and your employer does not separately report the amount of earnings in Rhode Island, determine the amount allocable to Rhode Island by completing schedule III, part 2 on page 6 or attaching a separate schedule setting out how such allocation was made.

The amount allocable to Rhode Island is that portion of your wage and salary income which the number of days worked in Rhode Island bears to the total number of days (exclusive of nonworking days, such as Saturday, Sundays, holidays, sick leave, vacation, etc.) employed both within and without the state during the year.

If your compensation subject to allocation depends entirely on volume of business transacted, as in the case of a salesman working on commission, do not use schedule III, part 2. In this event, the amount of compensation allocable to Rhode Island is that portion of the compensation included in Column B, line 1 which the volume of business transacted inside the state bears to the total volume of business transacted both inside and outside the state. The determining factor in ascertaining where business is transacted is the location where the services or sales activities were actually performed. Attach a schedule to your return showing the computation of the allocation to Rhode Island of compensation based on volume of business transacted. If your personal service compensation is allocated on a basis other than those covered in the preceding two paragraphs, please attach a separate schedule showing complete details.

Line 2, Column A – Interest and Dividends: Enter the amount of interest and dividends included in federal income, which are derived from Rhode Island sources.

Line 3, Column A – Business Income: Enter the amount of net profit (or loss) from a business or profession carried on in Rhode Island.

If the business or profession is carried on both within and without Rhode Island and accounts clearly reflecting income from Rhode Island operations are maintained, enter the net profit (or loss) from business carried on in Rhode Island. If your Rhode Island business income is not separate and distinct from that of other states you should use the uniform division of income formula to determine your Rhode Island business income. This involves the construction of a three-factor formula, which is applied against your total business income to determine the income allocable to Rhode Island. The three factors are:

Property in Rhode Island to property everywhere, Payroll in Rhode Island to payroll everywhere, and sales or services in Rhode Island to sales or services everywhere.

Add the result of these three factors and divide by three or the number of factors. The resulting figure is the percent to be applied against the amount of total business income to determine the amount derived from Rhode Island sources. Complete schedule III, part 3, which is found on page 6. If an approved alternative method of allocation is used, attach schedule.

Line 4, Column A – Sale or Exchange of Property: Capital gain (or loss) – Enter the net capital gain (or loss) determined in accordance with applicable federal provisions for determining capital gains and losses. Include on this line only transactions resulting from property located in Rhode Island.

Capital transactions from Rhode Island sources include capital gains or losses from real or personal property having an actual situs within Rhode Island whether or not connected with a trade or business. Capital gains or losses from stocks, bonds, and other intangible personal property used in or connected with a business, trade or occupation that is carried on within Rhode Island are subject to Rhode Island income tax. Also to be included is your share of any capital gain or loss derived from Rhode Island sources of a partnership of which you are a member, or an estate or trust of which you are a beneficiary.

NOTE: If any capital gains or losses are from business property (other than real property) of a business carried on both within and without Rhode Island, apply the applicable business percentage. The federal basis of property is to be used in computing Rhode Island capital gains or losses.

Non-capital Assets: Enter the gain or loss from the sale or exchange of non-capital assets, which pertain to your Rhode Island transactions by applying to them the appropriate federal provision for determining gains or losses from the sale or exchange of other than capital assets.

Non-capital transactions from Rhode Island are those non-capital transactions reported on your federal return which pertain to property used in or connected with a trade, business, profession or occupation carried on in Rhode Island. Also to be included in your share of any non-capital gain or loss is any such gain or loss from (1) a partnership of which you are a member or (2) an estate or trust of which you are a beneficiary. If any transactions involve property (other than real property) of a business carried on both within and without Rhode Island, apply the business allocation percentage applicable. In all cases the federal basis of property is to be used for computing the Rhode Island gain or loss.

Line 5, Column A – Pension and Annuities, Rents, Royalties, Etc.: Enter that portion of rent and royalty income derived from or connected with Rhode Island sources. Include rents and royalties from:

Real property situated in Rhode Island whether or not used in or connected with a business, Tangible personal property not used in a business if such property has an actual situs in Rhode Island and Tangible and intangible personal property used in or connected with a business, trade, profession or occupation carried on in Rhode Island.

NOTE: If a business is carried on both within and without Rhode Island, the business allocation percentage should be applied to items included above. However, no allocation applies to income from real property. Income from real property is 100% includable if it is located in Rhode Island or it is entirely excluded if located outside Rhode Island.

Partnership Income: Each partner must report his share of the partnership income. Include your share of the ordinary income of the partnership, joint venture, or the like, whose taxable year ends within or with the year covered by your return, which is derived from Rhode Island sources. If your distributive share of partnership income includes any items of income taxable to a nonresident (such as capital gains), such items must be included separately. Attach schedule.

Income from Estates or Trusts: Enter the portion of your share of estate or trust income which is derived from Rhode Island sources. If your share includes any specific items of trust or estate income taxable to a nonresident, you must separately describe the nature of the income.

Line 6, Column A – Farm Income: The above instructions for reporting business income (line 3) including the instructions for reporting when business is carried on both within and without Rhode Island also apply to reporting farm income.

Line 7, Column A – Miscellaneous income: Enter the portion of this income that is derived from or connected with Rhode Island sources.

Line 8 – Total, Column A: Add lines 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7.

Line 9, Column A – Adjustments: Enter amount from Federal Form 1040, line 36; 1040A, line 20 or 1040NR, line 34 applicable to Rhode Island income. If an adjustment item relates to wage or salary income earned partly within and partly without Rhode Island or to income from a business which is carried on both within and without Rhode Island, the adjustment item must be allocated to Rhode Island on the same basis as the income to which it relates. Attach Schedule.

Line 10, Column A – Adjusted Gross Income: Subtract line 9 from line 8.

Line 11, Column A – Modifications to Federal Adjusted Gross Income: Enter the amount of modifications to federal adjusted gross income attributable to RI source income.

Line 12, Column A – Modified Rhode Island Source Income: Combine amounts on lines 10, column A and 11, column A.

Column B, Lines 1 through 7 – Enter in Column B the total amounts reported on your federal return for each of the applicable items listed in Column B.

Line 8, Column B – Total: Add lines 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 in column B.

Line 9, Column B – Adjustments: Enter adjustments from Federal Form 1040, line 36; Federal Form 1040A, line 20 or 1040NR, line 34.

Line 10, Column B – Adjusted Gross Income: Subtract line 9, column B from line 8, column B

Line 11, Column B – Net Modifications to Federal Adjusted Gross Income: Enter amount from RI-1040NR, page 1, line 2.

Line 12, Column B – Modified Federal Adjusted Gross Income: Combine amounts on lines 10, column B and 11 column B. Amount should equal amount on Form RI-1040NR, page 1, line 3.

Line 13 – Allocation Percentage: Divide amount on line 12, column A by amount on line 12, column B. If the amount on line 12, column A is greater than the amount on line 12, column B, enter 1.0000.

Line 14 – Rhode Island Tax After Credits – Before Allocation: Enter amount from RI-1040NR, page 1, line 12.

Line 15 – Rhode Island Tax: Multiply the amount on line 14 by the percentage on line 13. Enter here and on RI-1040NR, page 1, line 13.

PART 2 – ALLOCATION OF WAGE AND SALARY INCOME TO RHODE ISLAND

Line 1 – Wages, Salaries, Tips, Etc.: Enter total amount of wages, salaries, tips, commissions, etc. reported on your federal return.

Line 2 – Total Number of Days: Enter the total number of days in the year (for a calendar year enter 365 days or in the case of a leap year 366 days)

Line 3 – Sick Leave: Enter the total number of days you were absent from work due to illness.

Line 4 – Vacation: Enter the total number of days you were absent from work on vacation,

Line 5 – Other Non-working Days: Enter the total number of other non-working days, such as Saturdays and Sundays.

Line 6 – Total Number of non-working Days: Add lines 3, 4 and 5.

Line 7 – Total Days Worked in Year: Subtract line 6 from line 2.

Line 8 – Total Days Worked Outside Rhode Island: Enter number of total days worked outside Rhode Island.

Line 9- Days Worked in Rhode Island: Subtract line 8 from line 7.

Line 10 – Allocation Percentage: Divide line 9 by line 7.

Line 11 – Rhode Island amount: Multiply amount on line 1 by percentage on line 10. Enter here and on Form RI-1040NR, page 5, Schedule III, line 1, column A.

PART 3 – BUSINESS ALLOCATION PERCENTAGE

Line 1 – Real Property Owned: Enter in column A, the amount of real property owned and located in Rhode Island. Enter in Column B, the amount of property owned everywhere.

Line 2 – Real Property Rented from Others: Enter in Column A, annual rental expense times 8 for real and personal property located in Rhode Island. Enter in Column B, rental expense times 8 for real and personal property located everywhere.

Line 3 – Tangible Property Owned: Enter in Column A, the amount of tangible personal property located in Rhode Island. Enter in Column B the

amount of tangible personal property located everywhere.

Line 4 – Total Property: Enter in Column A, the total of Column A, lines 1, 2 and 3. Enter in Column B, the total of Column B, lines 1, 2 and 3. Then divide the amount in Column A by the amount in Column B and enter the resulting percentage in Column C.

Line 5 – Wages, Salaries: Enter in Column A, the amount paid for wages, salaries, and other personal service compensation in Rhode Island during the year. Enter in Column B, the amount paid for wages, salaries, and other personal service compensation everywhere during the year. Then divide the amount in Column A by the amount in Column B and enter the resulting percentage in Column C.

Line 6 – Gross Sales of Merchandise and Charges for Services: Enter in Column A, the amount of gross sales of merchandise and charges for services in Rhode Island during the year. Enter in Column B, the amount of gross sales of merchandise and charges for services everywhere during the year. Then divide the amount in Column A by the amount in Column B and enter the resulting percentage in Column C.

Line 7 – Total Percentages: Add percentages in Column C, lines 4, 5 and 6.

Line 8 – Business Allocation Percentage: Divide line 7 by three or the number of percentages on lines 4, 5 and 6. Enter here and on lines 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13, Column B.

Lines 9 through 13: Enter the line number and the amount of each item of business income (or loss) reported on RI-1040NR, page 5, schedule III, part 1, column B required to be allocated and multiply by the allocation percentage to determine Rhode Island amount. Then enter the amounts from column C on the corresponding lines on Form RI-1040NR, page 5, schedule III, part 1, column A.

SCHEDULE V – PART-YEAR RESIDENT TAX CALCULATION

This schedule is only to be completed by part year residents – full year nonresidents complete schedule III on page 5 of RI-1040NR.

Part 1 – Allocation and Tax Worksheet

Column A – Income From Federal Return: Enter in column A, lines 1 through 10, the total amounts of income and adjustments as reported on your federal income tax return.

Enter in column A, line 11, the total net modifications to federal adjusted gross income from RI-1040NR, page 1, line 2.

Column B – Rhode Island Resident Period: Enter in column B, lines 1 through 10, all income earned and adjustments reported in column A during the period you lived in Rhode Island. This includes income earned both within and without Rhode Island.

Enter in column B, line 11, the modifications to federal adjusted gross income attributable to the income reported in column B.

Column C – Rhode Island Nonresident Period: Enter in column C, lines 1 through 10, all income earned and adjustments reported in column A during the period you were **not** living in Rhode Island.

This includes income earned both within and without Rhode Island.

Enter in column C, line 11, the modifications to federal adjusted gross income attributable to the income reported in column C.

Column D – Rhode Island Nonresident Period: Enter in column D, lines 1 through 10, all amounts of income and adjustments reported in column C (nonresident period) derived from or connected with Rhode Island sources.

Enter in column D, line 11, the modifications to federal adjusted gross income attributable to the income reported in column D.

Line 12 – Modified Federal AGI: Combine the amounts on lines 10 and 11.

Line 13 – Total Rhode Island Income: Add the amounts on line 12, column B and line 12, column D.

Line 14 – Allocation Percentage: Divide the amount on line 13 by the amount on Line 12. If line 13 is greater than line 12, enter 1.0000.

Line 15 – Rhode Island Tax After Credits –Before Allocation: Enter the amount from RI-1040NR, page 1, line 12.

Line 16 – Rhode Island Income Tax: Multiply the amount on line 15 by the percentage on line 14. If you have income earned in another state while you were a resident of Rhode Island, complete part 2 on page 8. Otherwise enter here and on RI-1040NR, page 1, line 13 and check the part-year resident box.

PART 2 - CREDIT FOR INCOME TAXES PAID TO ANOTHER STATE AND TAX WORKSHEET

Line 17 – Rhode Island Income Tax: Enter the amount of Rhode Island income tax from RI-1040NR, page 7, schedule V, part 1, line 16.

Line 18 – Income Taxed by Other States, While a Rhode Island Resident: Enter the amount of income taxed by another state while a Rhode Island resident included in the amount on page 7, schedule V, part 1, line 10, column B.

Line 19 – Total Rhode Island Income: Enter the Rhode Island income reported on page 7, schedule V, part 1, line 13.

Line 20 – Divide the amount on line 18 by the amount on line 19.

Line 21 – Multiply the amount on line 17 by the percentage on line 20.

Line 22 – Tax Due and Paid to Other State: Enter the amount of income tax liability paid to the other state. Also, enter the name of the other state in the space provided.

Line 23 – Enter the amount from line 18 above.


Line 24 – Other State's Adjusted Gross Income: Enter the amount of total adjusted gross income reported on the income tax return filed with the other state. Attach a completed signed copy of the return filed with the other state.

Line 25 – Divide the amount on line 23 by the amount on line 24.

Line 26 – Multiply the amount on line 22 by the percentage on line 25.

Line 27 – Maximum Tax Credit: Enter the amount on line 17, 21 or 26 whichever is the smallest.

Line 28 – Rhode Island Income Tax: Subtract the amount on line 27 from the amount on line 17. Enter here and on Form RI-1040NR, page 1, line 13 and check the part-year resident box.

 If, while a resident, you had income taxed by two or more other states, a separate computation should be made on a multiple state credit schedule (RI-1040NRMU). This schedule can be obtained by calling the Rhode Island Division of Taxation at (401) 222-1111 or at our web site www.tax.ri.gov.

RI SCHEDULE CGW – RHODE ISLAND CAPITAL GAIN WORKSHEET

Use this schedule only if you did not calculate your tax on Federal Schedule D **AND** (1) You checked off the box on Federal Form 1040, line 13 **OR** (2) You entered an amount on Federal Form 1040A, line 10.

Line 1 – Enter the amount of RI taxable income from page 1, line 7.

Line 2 – Enter the amount of capital gain distributions from Federal Form 1040, line 13 or Federal Form 1040A, line 10.

Line 3 – Subtract line 2 from line 1.

Line 4 – Figure the tax on the amount on line 3. Use the RI Tax Tables or the RI Tax Computation Worksheet, whichever applies.

Line 5 – Enter the **SMALLER** of the amount on line 1 **OR:**

Single	\$29,700
Married Joint	\$49,650
Qualifying Widower	\$49,650
Head of House	\$39,800
Married Separate	\$24,825

Line 6 – If the amount on line 3 is equal to or more than the amount on line 5 then skip lines 6 through 8 and go to line 9. Otherwise, enter the amount from line 3.

Line 7 – Subtract line 6 from line 5.

Line 8 – Multiply line 7 by 2.5 % (.025).

Line 9 – If the amounts on line 2 and 7 are the same, leave lines 9 through 12 blank and go to line 13. Otherwise enter the smaller of line 1 or line 2.

Line 10 – Enter the amount if any from line 7.

Line 11 – Subtract line 10 from line 9. If zero or less, enter zero.

Line 12 – Multiply line 11 by 5% (.05)

Line 13 – Add lines 4, 8 and 12.

Line 14 – Figure the tax on the amount on line 1. Use the RI Tax Table or RI Tax Computation Worksheet, whichever applies.

Line 15 – Tax: Enter the smaller of line 13 or line 14. Enter here and on RI-1040NR, page 1, line 8A and check the RI Schedule CGW box.

RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE D - CAPITAL GAINS

This form is to be used by taxpayers reporting capital gains or figuring their tax on Federal Form Schedule D.

Line 1 - Rhode Island Taxable Income: Enter the amount from Form RI-1040NR, page 1, line 7. **(If this line is zero or less, do not complete this form).**

Line 2 – Enter the **SMALLER** of Federal Schedule D, line 15 or Federal Schedule D, line 16. If zero or less, enter zero.

Line 3 – Enter the amount of investment interest expense deduction from Federal form 4952, line 4g.

Line 4 – Subtract line 3 from line 2.

Line 5 – Combine net short term capital gains (Federal Schedule D, line 7) and any federal 28% rate gain (Federal 28% Rate Gain Worksheet, lines 1 through 5). If zero or less, enter zero.

Line 6 – Enter the **SMALLER** of RI Schedule D, line 5 or Federal Schedule D, line 18. (If zero or less, enter zero).

Line 7 – Enter the amount of unrecaptured section 1250 gain from Federal Schedule D, line 19.

Line 8 – Add lines 6 and 7.

Line 9 – Subtract line 8 from line 4. (If zero or less, enter zero).

Line 10 – Subtract line 9 from line 1. (If zero or less, enter zero).

Line 11 – Enter the **SMALLER** of the amount on line 1 **OR:**

Single	\$29,700
Married Joint	\$49,650
Qualifying Widower	\$49,650
Head of House	\$39,800
Married Separate	\$24,825

Line 12 – Enter the **SMALLER** of line 10 or line 11.

Line 13 – Subtract line 4 from line 1. (If zero or less, enter zero).

Line 14 – Enter the **LARGER** of line 12 or line 13.

Line 15 – Figure the tax on the amount on line 14. Use the 2005 RI Tax Tables or Tax Computation Worksheet, whichever applies.

IF LINES 11 AND 12 ARE THE SAME, SKIP LINES 16 AND 17 AND GO TO LINE 18. OTHERWISE, GO TO LINE 16.

Line 16 – Subtract line 12 from line 11.

Line 17 – Multiply line 16 by 2.50% (.025).

IF LINES 1 AND 11 ARE THE SAME, SKIP LINES 18 THROUGH 21 AND GO TO LINE 22. OTHERWISE, GO TO LINE 18.

Line 18 – Enter the **SMALLER** of line 1 or line 9.

Line 19 – Enter the amount from line 16 above. (If line 16 is blank, enter zero).

Line 20 – Subtract line 19 from line 18.

Line 21 – Multiply line 20 by 5.00% (.05).

IF LINE 7 IS ZERO OR BLANK, SKIP LINES 22 THROUGH 27 AND GO TO LINE 28. OTHERWISE, GO TO LINE 22.

Line 22 – Enter the **SMALLER** of line 4 or line 7.

Line 23 – Add lines 4 and 14.

Line 24 – Enter the amount from line 1 above.

Line 25 – Subtract line 24 from line 23. (If zero or less, enter zero).

Line 26 – Subtract line 25 from line 22. (If zero or less, enter zero).

Line 27 – Multiply line 26 by 6.25% (.0625).

IF LINE 6 IS ZERO, SKIP LINES 28 THROUGH 30 AND GO TO LINE 31. OTHERWISE, GO TO LINE 28.

Line 28 – Add lines 14, 16, 20 and 26.

Line 29 – Subtract line 28 from line 1.

Line 30 – Multiply line 29 by 7.00% (.07).

Line 31 – Add lines 15, 17, 21, 27 and 30.

Line 32 – Figure the tax on the amount on line 1. Use the 2005 RI Tax Table or Tax Computation Worksheet, whichever applies.

Line 33 – Tax on All Taxable Income (Including Capital Gains): Enter the **SMALLER** of line 31 or line 32. Also, enter on RI-1040NR, page 1, line 8A and check the RI Schedule D box.

RI 6251 - RHODE ISLAND ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX

Part 1 – Alternative Minimum Tax

Line 1 – Federal Alternative Minimum Taxable Income: Enter your federal alternative minimum taxable income from Federal Form 6251, line 28.

Line 2 – Exemption

Filing status	Not over	Exemption
Single	115,050	36,550
Head of Household	115,050	36,550
Married Joint	153,450	50,100
Qualifying widow(er)	153,450	50,100
Married Separate	76,725	25,050

If line 1 is not over the amount listed above for your filing status, then enter the exemption amount for your filing status on line 2. If the amount on line 1 is over the amount listed above for your filing status, then you must complete RI-6251 Exemption Worksheet on page I-10 and enter the amount from line 10 on RI-6251, line 2.

Line 3 – Subtract line 2 from line 1.

Line 4 – If you figured your tax on RI Schedule D or CGW, complete part 2 and enter the amount from line 32 on line 4. If you figured your tax using the tax table or tax rate schedule and line 3 is less than \$175,000 (\$87,500 if Married filing separately) then multiply line 3 by 6.5% (.065). Otherwise, multiply line 3 by 7% (.07) and subtract \$875 (\$438 if Married filing separately) from the result.

Line 5 – Enter the amount of alternative minimum tax foreign tax credit from Federal Form 6251, line 32.

Line 6 - The RI rate is 25% (.25).

Line 7 - Multiply line 5 by line 6.

Line 8 - Tentative Minimum Tax: Subtract line 7 from line 4.

Line 9 - Enter your RI tax from RI-1040NR, page 1, line 8A.

Line 10 - Foreign Tax Credit: Enter the amount from RI-1040NR, line 27.


Line 11 - The RI rate is 25% (.25).

Line 12 - Multiply line 10 by line 11.

Line 13 - Subtract line 12 from line 9.

Line 14 – RI Alternative Minimum Tax: Subtract line 13 from line 8. (If zero or less, enter zero). Enter here and on RI-1040NR, page 1, line 9.

Part 2 – Alternative Minimum Tax Using Maximum Capital Gains Rates

 **NOTE: If you are required to refigure your Federal Schedule D for the AMT tax, your RI schedule D must also be refigured for AMT purposes, based on the refigured Federal Schedule D.**

Line 15 – Enter the amount from RI-6251, line 3.

Line 16 – Enter the amount from RI Schedule D, line 9 or RI Schedule CGW, line 2. (As refigured for AMT, if necessary).

Line 17 - Enter the amount from RI Schedule D, line 7 or RI Schedule CGW enter zero. (As refigured for AMT, if necessary).

Line 18A - Add lines 16 and 17.

Line 18B – Enter the amount from RI Schedule D, line 4 or RI Schedule CGW, line 2. (As refigured for AMT, if necessary).

Line 18C – Enter the **SMALLER** of line 18A or line 18B.

Line 19 – Enter the **SMALLER** of line 15 or line 18C.

Line 20 – Subtract line 19 from line 15.

Line 21 – If line 20 is less than \$175,000 (\$87,500 if Married filing separately) then multiply line 20 by 6.5% (.065). Otherwise, multiply line 20 by 7% (.07) and subtract \$875 (\$438 if Married filing separately) from the result.

Line 22 – Enter the amount from RI Schedule D, line 16 or RI Schedule CGW, line 7.

Line 23 – Enter the **SMALLER** of line 15 or line 16.

Line 24 – Enter the **SMALLER** of line 22 or line 23 (if zero go to line 26).

Line 25 - Multiply line 24 by 2.50% (.025).

Line 26 - Subtract line 24 from line 23.

Line 27 - Multiply line 26 by 5.00% (.05).

IF LINE 17 IS ZERO OR BLANK, SKIP LINES 28 AND 29 AND GO TO LINE 30. OTHERWISE, GO TO LINE 28.

Line 28 - Subtract line 23 from line 19.

Line 29 - Multiply line 28 by 6.25% (.0625).

Line 30 - Add lines 21, 25, 27 and 29.

Line 31 - If line 15 is less than \$175,000 (\$87,500 if Married filing separately) then multiply line 15 by 6.5% (.065). Otherwise, multiply line 15 by 7% (.07) and subtract \$875 (\$438 if Married filing separately) from the result.

Line 32 - Enter the **SMALLER** of lines 30 or 31 here and on line 4 above.

EXEMPTION WORKSHEET for RI-6251, line 2

NOTE: If RI-6251, line 1 is equal to or more than \$261,250 if Single or Head of household; \$353,850 if Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er); or \$176,925 if Married filing separately; your exemption is zero. **DO NOT** complete this worksheet; instead, enter zero on RI-6251 line 2 and go to line 3.

1.	<u>If your filing status is...</u>	<u>then enter on line 1</u>	} 1.	_____	
	Single or Head of household	\$36,550				
	Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er)	50,100				
	Married filing separately	25,050				
2.	Enter your alternative minimum taxable income from RI-6251, part 1, line 1.....			2.	_____	
3.	<u>If your filing status is...</u>	<u>then enter on line 3</u>	} 3.	_____	
	Single or Head of household	\$115,050				
	Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er)	153,450				
	Married filing separately	76,725				
4.	Subtract line 3 from line 2 (if zero or less, enter zero).....			4.	_____	
5.	Multiply line 4 by 25% (.25).....			5.	_____	
6.	Subtract line 5 from line 1. (If zero or less enter zero). (If this form is for a child under the age of 14, go to line 8. Otherwise, STOP HERE and enter this amount on RI-6251, part 1, line 2).....			6.	_____	
7.	Child's minimum exemption amount.....			7.	5,600	
8.	Enter the child's earned income from Federal AMT Exemption Worksheet, line 8.....			8.	_____	
9.	Add lines 7 and 8.....			9.	_____	
10.	Enter the SMALLER of line 6 or line 9 - Enter here and on RI-6251, part 1, line 2.....			10.	_____	

TAX RETURN PAGE REFERENCE

QUESTIONS ABOUT WHAT TO PUT ON A LINE? HELP IS ON THE PAGE NUMBER IN THE CIRCLE OR BY CALLING (401) 222-1040.

RI-1040NR RHODE ISLAND NONRESIDENT INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX **2005**
 RETURN (TO BE USED BY NONRESIDENTS AND PART-YEAR RESIDENTS)

NAME AND ADDRESS please print or type	First Name John	Initial Q	Last Name Public	Your Social Security Number 111-11-1111
	Spouse's First Name Jane	Initial Q	Last Name Public	Spouse's Social Security Number 222-22-2222
	Present Home Address (Number and street, including apartment number or rural route) 1 Capitol Hill			Daytime Telephone Number (401) 222-1040
	City, Town or Post Office Providence	State RI	Zip Code 02908	City or Town of Legal Residence Providence

ELECTORAL CONTRIBUTION If you want \$5.00 (\$10.00 if a joint return) to go to this fund, check here. (See instructions. This will not increase your tax or reduce your refund.) Yes No

If you wish the 1st \$2.00 (\$4.00 if a joint return) to be paid to a specific party, check the box and fill in the name of the political party. Otherwise, it will be paid to a nonpartisan general account.

FILING STATUS

Check only one box

1 Single 2 Married filing jointly 3 Married filing separately 4 Head of Household 5 Qualifying widow(er)

INCOME, TAX AND CREDITS	1. Federal AGI (Adjusted Gross Income) - Federal Form 1040, line 37; 1040A, line 21; 1040EZ, line 4 or Telefile, line 1	1.	4	30,500
	2. Net modifications to Federal AGI (if no modifications, enter zero on this line) - page 2, schedule I, line 25.....	2.	5	
	3. Modified Federal AGI - combine lines 1 and 2 (add net increases or subtract net decreases).....	3.		30,500
	4. Deductions - RI standard deduction (left margin) or amount from Federal Schedule A, line 28, whichever is greater. If you itemize and line 3 is over \$145,950 (\$72,975 if married filing separate) see itemized deduction schedule on page 4...	4.	4	8,300
	5. Subtract line 4 from line 3.....	5.		22,200
	6. Exemptions - Enter federal exemptions in box then multiply by \$3,200 and enter result in 6. 4 If line 3 is over \$109,475 or you provided housing to a person displaced by Hurricane Katrina, see worksheet on page I-4 for exemption amount. 5 X \$3,200 =	6.	4	16,000
	7. RI TAXABLE INCOME - subtract line 6 from line 5.....	7.		6,200
	8. A. RI income tax <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Check only one box RI Tax Table or Tax Computation Worksheet <input type="checkbox"/> 9 RI Schedule CGW <input type="checkbox"/> 9 RI Schedule D <input type="checkbox"/> RI Schedule J <input type="checkbox"/> RI-8615	8A.	T1-T8	233
	B. Other RI taxes from page 3, RI Schedule OT, line 14.....	8B.	6	
	9. RI alternative minimum tax from Form RI-6251, line 14.....	9.	9	
	10. Total RI income tax - add lines 8A, 8B and 9.....	10.		233
	11. RI percentage of allowable Federal credits from page 2, schedule II, line 34.....	11.	6	120
	12. RI tax after allowable Federal credits - before allocation - subtract line 11 from line 10 (not less than zero).....	12.		113
	13. RI allocated income tax - (Check only one box) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> All income is from RI, enter amount from line 12 on this line. <input type="checkbox"/> Nonresident with income from outside RI, complete page 5, schedule III and enter result on this line. <input type="checkbox"/> Part-year resident with income from outside RI, complete page 7, schedule V and enter result on this line.	13.	4	113
	14. Other RI credits - indicate credit form number(s) _____ attach forms.....	14.	3	
	15. RI income tax after credits - subtract line 14 from line 13 (not less than zero).....	15.		113
	16. RI checkoff contributions from page 3, schedule IV, line 8 (contributions reduce your refund or increase your balance due).....	16.	6	
17. TOTAL RI TAX AND CHECKOFF CONTRIBUTIONS add lines 15 and 16 and USE/SALES tax due \$ 5 (see instructions).....	17.		113	

PAYMENTS	18. A. RI 2005 income tax withheld (please attach forms W-2, 1099, etc.).....	18A.	5	578	Check <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> if extension is attached. 2
	B. 2005 estimated tax payments and amount applied from 2004 return.....	18B.	5		
	C. Nonresident withholding on real estate sales in 2005.....	18C.	5		
	D. Nonresident withholding from pass-through entities (please attach forms RI 1099-PT).....	18D.	5		
	E. RI earned income credit from page 2, RI Schedule EIC, line 43.....	18E.	6	128	
	F. Other payments.....	18F.	5		
	G. TOTAL PAYMENTS AND CREDITS - add lines 18A, 18B, 18C, 18D, 18E and 18F.....	18G.		706	

AMOUNT DUE	19. If line 17 is LARGER than line 18G, Subtract line 18G from 17. YOU OWE THIS AMOUNT. Complete RI-1040V. Check <input type="checkbox"/> if RI-2210 or RI-2210A is attached - enter interest due \$ _____ or enter zero.....	19.		
	REFUND	20. If line 18G is LARGER than 17, subtract line 17 from 18G. THIS IS THE AMOUNT YOU OVERPAID	20.	593
	21. Amount of overpayment to be refunded.....	21.		593
	22. Amount of overpayment to be applied to 2006 estimated tax.....	22.		

TAX RETURN PAGE REFERENCE

QUESTIONS ABOUT WHAT TO PUT ON A LINE? HELP IS ON THE PAGE NUMBER IN THE CIRCLE OR BY CALLING (401) 222-1040.

RI-1040NR

2005

RI SCHEDULE I RI MODIFICATIONS TO FEDERAL AGI

23. A. Modifications INCREASING Federal AGI - income from obligations of any state or its political subdivisions, other than RI (attach documentation).....	23A.		⑤ All Lines
B. Other modifications INCREASING Federal AGI (see instructions - attach documentation).....	23B.		
C. Total modifications INCREASING Federal AGI - add lines 23A and 23B.....	23C.		
24. A. Modifications DECREASING Federal AGI - income from obligations of the US government included in Federal AGI but exempt from state income taxes (attach documentation).....	24A.		<input type="checkbox"/> If this is a RI Jobs Growth Act Modification check this box.
B. Other modifications DECREASING Federal AGI (see instructions - attach documentation).....	24B.		
C. Total modifications DECREASING Federal AGI - add lines 24A and 24B (Enter as a negative amount).....	24C.	()	
25. NET MODIFICATIONS TO FEDERAL AGI - combine lines 23C and 24C (enter here and on page 1, line 2).....	25.		

RI SCHEDULE II ALLOWABLE FEDERAL CREDITS

26. RI income tax from page 1, line 10.....	26.		233
27. Foreign tax credit from Federal Form 1040, line 47.....	27.		
28. Credit for child and dependent care expenses from Federal Form 1040, line 48 or 1040A, line 29.....	28.	480	
29. Credit for the elderly or the disabled from Federal Form 1040, line 49 or 1040A, line 30.....	29.		
30. Federal mortgage interest credit from Federal Form 8396, line 11.....	30.		
31. A. Federal adoption credit from Federal Form 1040, lines 53 or 1040A, line 34.....	31A.	New	
B. Other federal credits (see instructions for credits) from Federal Form 1040, lines 55 and 70.....	31B.		
32. Total - add lines 27, 28, 29, 30, 31A and 31B.....	32.		480
33. Tentative allowable federal credits - multiply line 32 by 25% (.25).....	33.		120
34. MAXIMUM CREDIT - (line 26 or 33 whichever is SMALLER) - Enter here and on page 1, line 11.....	34.		120

RI SCHEDULE III ALLOCATION AND MODIFICATION FOR NONRESIDENTS

NOTE: This schedule should be completed by **NONRESIDENTS** with income from outside RI. RI Schedule III is located on page 5. **PART-YEAR** residents with income from outside RI should complete RI Schedule V located on page 7. **NONRESIDENTS** and **PART-YEAR** residents with all income from RI sources do not need to complete either schedule III or V.

RI SCHEDULE EIC RHODE ISLAND EARNED INCOME CREDIT

35. Rhode Island income tax from RI-1040NR, page 1, line 15.....	35.		113
36. Federal earned income credit from Federal Form 1040, line 66a; 1040A, line 41a; 1040EZ, line 8a or Federal Telefile, line L.....	36.		1,039
37. Rhode Island percentage.....	37.		25%
38. Multiply line 36 by line 37.....	38.		260
39. Enter the SMALLER of line 35 or line 38.....	39.		113
40. Subtract line 39 from line 38 (if zero or less, enter the amount from line 39 on line 43. Otherwise, continue to line 41).....	40.		147
41. A. Refundable percentage.....	41A.	New	10%
B. Multiply line 40 by line 41A.....	41B.		15
C. Rhode Island allocation from RI-1040NR, page 5, Schedule III, line 13 or RI-1040NR, page 7, Schedule V, line 14.....	41C.		1,000
42. RI refundable earned income credit - multiply line 41B by line 41C.....	42.		15
43. TOTAL RI EARNED INCOME CREDIT - add line 39 and line 42. Enter here and on RI-1040NR, line 18E.....	43.		128

Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this return, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, it is true, correct and complete.

Your Signature ⇒ <i>John Q Public</i> Date 4/15/06	Spouse's Signature ⇒ <i>Jane Q Public</i> Date 4/15/06
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If you do not need forms mailed to you next year, check box. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	May the division contact your preparer about this return? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Paid preparer's signature and address	SSN, PTIN or EIN Telephone number ()